Selection Grade and Super time Scales of Indian Forest Service

5617. DR. S.P. YADAV: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Fourth Pay Commission had recommended uniform Selection Grade and Supertime Scales for Indian Police Service and Indian Forest Service;

(b) if so, whether the Selection Grade and Supertime Scales of Indian Forest Service are lower than those of Indian Police Service at present; and

(c) if so, the reasons therefor and the steps taken/proposed to be taken to remove the anomaly?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCES AND PENSIONS (SHRIMATI MARGARET ALVA): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) The Government does not consider that there is any anomaly in the existing Selection Grade and Supertime Scales of IPS and IFS. While accepting the recommendations of the Fourth Pay Commission with respect to the IFS, the Government consciously decided that the Selection Grade and Supertime Scale of the IPS must be higher. The existing law and order situation in the country and the consequent need to maintain an edge in the scales of pay of the IPS; and the fact that the IPS scales had this edge over the IFS scales prior to the recommendations of the Fourth Pay Commission were the reasons for this decision.

Haldia Petro Complex Scheme

5618. SHRI SHRAVAN KUMAR PATEL: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) the broad features of the Haldia Petro Complex Scheme indicating its foreign exchange content; and

(b) the manner in which the foreign exchange content is sought to be secured?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZERS (DR. CHINTA MOHAN): (a) West Bengal Industrial Development Corporation (WBIDC) have been granted a letter of intent in August, 1990 for a 300, 000 TPA Ethylene Capacity naphtha cracker along with downstream units for manufacture of HDPE, LLDPE, Polypropylene, Styrene/Polystyrene, PBR etc. at Haldia in West Bengal. The total capital cost of the complex was estimated to be around Rs. 3,000 crores with a foreign exchange component of Rs. 650 crores.

(b) According to a condition in the letter intent, the company will finance its foreign exchange requirements for import of capital goods, import of know how, servicing of foreign equity, foreign loan and import of feed stock, if any, through foreign exchange obtained by way of foreign equity participation, NRI equity on non-repatriable basis, commercial borrowings as may be permitted by Govt. according to financing plan that may be approved, for with debt servicing liability and any other foreign exchange costs should be met by export earnings of the Company.

[*Translation*]

Funds to Bihar under JRY

5619. SHRI RAM TAHAL CHOUDHARY:
SHRI DEVENDRA PRASAD YADAV:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether any special allocation of funds under the Jawahar Rozgar Yojana has been made to districts of Bihar keeping in view their backwardness and geographical condition;

(b) if so, the district-wise amount allocated during 1990-91 and the number of mandays created; and

(c) the difference between the amount allocated for the districts of Bihar and for the districts of other States:

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI G. VENKAT SWAMY): (a) Allocation of resources under Jawahar Rozgar Yojana (JRY) are made to State/UTs on the basis of proportion of rural poor in a State/UT of the total rural poor in the country. From State to its districts, the allocations are made on the index of backwardness formulated on the basis of percentage of agricultural labourers to main workers in rural areas, percentage of rural SC/ST population to total rural population and inverse of agricultural productivity in the weights of 20:60:20 and its rural population in absolute terms. Funds to Bihar and its districts have been allocated according to this criteria.

(b) The amount allocated and employment generated during 1990-91 under JRY in the districts of Bihar is given in the statement annexed.

(c) Amount allocated to the districts of Bihar is given in the annexed statement referred to in reply to part (b) of the question. In view of the criteria for allocation of funds as mentioned in reply to part (a) above, the question of comparison of allocation of funds to the districts in other States with districts of Bihar does not arise.

STATEMENT

Sl. No	*Name of District*	*Allocation including MWS(Rs. in lakhs)*	*Employment generation (lakh mandays Provisional)*
1.	*2*	*3*	*4*
1.	Patna	793.31	20.93
2.	Nalanda	704.91	27.47
3.	Nawada	648.04	15.43
4.	Gaya	1,485.10	35.82
5.	Aurangabad	687.34	16.37
6.	Rohtas	1,137.04	28.34
7.	Bhojpur	780.27	22.68
8.	Saran	575.66	16.40
9.	Siwan	485.74	13.94
10.	Gopalganj	399.85	12.02

Sl. No	Name of District	Allocation including MWS(Rs. in lakhs)	Employment generation (lakh mandays Provisional)
1	2	3	4
11.	Pachim Champaran	778.78	16.63
12.	Purba Champaran	856.32	21.92
13.	Sitamarhi	589.56	18.22
14.	Muzaffarpur	900.56	26.32
15.	Vaishali	670.71	19.10
16.	Begusarai	540.91	20.24
17.	Samastipur	894.52	26.13
18.	Darbhanga	761.86	25.93
19.	Madhubani	876.38	22.75
20.	Saharsa	813.02	24.31
21.	Purnea	639.02	17.42
22.	Araria	494.00	12.62

Sl. No	Name of District	Allocation including MWS(Rs. in lakhs)	Employment generation (lakh mandays Provisional)
1	2	3	4
23.	Kishanganj	257.43	9.09
24.	Katihar	564.37	16.55
25.	Munger	1,193.66	31.92
26.	Bhagalpur	1,128.26	26.29
27.	Dhanbad	915.49	29.12
28.	Giridh	1,170.98	38.17
29.	Hazaribagh	1,562.94	46.73
30.	Palamau	2240.36	61.91
31.	Ranchi	1980.69	58.50
32.	Singhbhum (East)	1016.49	21.22
33.	Singhbhum (West)	2147.16	66.03

Sl. No	Name of District	Allocation including MWS(Rs. in lakhs)	Employment generation (lakh mandays Provisional)
1	2	3	4
34.	Jahanabad	399.26	13.02
35.	Dumka	1726.92	80.67
36.	Deoghar	567.89	22.43
37.	Sahibganj	1385.71	39.83
38.	Madhepura	406.78	10.54
39.	Khagaria	288.74	13.39
30.	Godda	752.84	19.43
31.	Lohardagga	342.32	12.04
32.	Gumla	1,905.59	42.18
	TOTAL	38,466.78	1,120.05